

Pledge:

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Dr. Lunsford

MATH261 Calculus I
Quiz 7

Name: Solution
(20 Points Total)

I. Find the indicated derivatives. You are NOT required to simplify your answers. (4 points each, 16 total)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(a)} \quad f(x) &= \frac{1}{x^4} (e^x - x^2 \sin(x)) = x^{-4} (e^x - x^2 \sin(x)) = x^{-4} e^x - x^{-2} \sin(x) \\
 f'(x) &= \frac{\text{① QR}}{x^8} [x^4 (e^x - 2x \sin(x)) - x^2 (e^x - 2x \sin(x)) - 4x^3 (e^x - x^2 \sin(x))] = \text{② Product Rule} \\
 \text{(b)} \quad g(t) &= \pi^4 \sqrt{t^5} \sec(t) = \pi^4 t^{5/2} \sec(t) \\
 \frac{d}{dt} g(t) &= \pi^4 \left[\frac{5}{2} t^{3/2} \sec(t) + \pi^4 t^{5/2} \sec(t) \tan(t) \right] = \text{③ SUM PR} \\
 \text{(c)} \quad l(x) &= \frac{x^2 e^x - \cos(x)}{3x^4 - 2x + 1} \\
 l'(x) &= \frac{\text{OR} [2x e^x + x^2 e^x + \sin(x)](3x^4 - 2x + 1) - (x^2 e^x - \cos(x))(12x^3 - 2)}{(3x^4 - 2x + 1)^2} \\
 \text{(d)} \quad p(y) &= \frac{10e^y \tan(y)}{y^3} = 10y^{-3} e^y \tan(y) \\
 \frac{dp}{dy} &= \frac{\text{①} (10e^y \tan(y) + 10e^y \sec^2(y))y^3 - (10e^y \tan(y))3y^2}{y^6} = \frac{\text{②} \frac{dp}{dx} = 10(-3y^{-4})e^y \tan(y) + 10y^{-3}e^y \tan(y) + 10y^{-2}e^y \sec^2(y)}{y^6}
 \end{aligned}$$

II. Below you are given the graph of $y = \frac{1-x}{1+x}$. Find the equation of and accurately graph the tangent

line to the graph at $x = 0$.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{(-1)(1+x) - (1-x)(1)}{(1+x)^2} \\
 &= \frac{-1-x-1+x}{(1+x)^2} = \frac{-2}{(1+x)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \left. \frac{dy}{dx} \right|_{x=0} &= -2 \leftarrow \text{slope} \\
 @ x=0, y &= \frac{1-0}{1+0} = 1 \quad \text{Point on line: } (0, 1) \\
 y-1 &= -2(x-0) \\
 y &= -2x+1
 \end{aligned}$$

