I. Let  $f(x) = \frac{x^3 - 3x + 2}{x^2 - 1}$ . Find f'(x) by using the <u>quotient rule</u>. Do not simplify your answer. (4 points)

II. Find the indicated derivatives. Clearly indicate your answers. You do not need to simplify your answers. (4 points each -16 total)

(a) 
$$f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x^2} \tan x$$
  
 $f'(x) =$ 

(b) 
$$y = (t^3 - 3t + 1)\cos t$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} =$$

(c) 
$$f(x) = \frac{\sin x}{x}$$
  
 $\frac{d}{dx}f(x) =$ 

$$(d) \quad y = x^2 \sin x + 2x \cos x$$

$$D_x y =$$